

# SAFETY DATA SHEET Dental Unit Water Cleaner

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Revision No: 1

### Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name: DENTAL UNIT WATER CLEANER

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of substance / mixture: PC8: Biocidal products (e.g. Disinfectants, pest control).

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

#### Company name:



**UnoDent Ltd** 

feedback@unodent.com UnoDent Ltd, 10 Perry Way, Witham, Essex, United Kingdom, CM8 3SX. (01376) 500582

# 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency tel:

(01376) 500582

### Section 2: Hazards identificati

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification under CLP: Aquatic Chronic 3: H412; Skin Corr. 1B: H314; STOT SE 3: H335

Most important adverse effects: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. Harmful to

aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 2.2. Label elements

Label elements:

Hazard statements: H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazard pictograms: GHS05: Corrosion

GHS07: Exclamation mark





Signal words: Danger

Precautionary statements: P260: Do not breathe dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P301+330+331: IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+361+353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water.

P304+340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+351+338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

### 2.3. Other hazards

PBT: This product is not identified as a PBT/vPvB substance.

### Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2. Mixtures

#### Hazardous ingredients:

#### 2-AMINOETHANOL

EINECS	CAS	PBT / WEL	CLP Classification	Percent
205-483-3	141-43-5	-	Acute Tox. 4: H332; Acute Tox. 4: H312; Acute Tox. 4: H302; Skin Corr. 1B: H314	6-10%

### N-(3-AMINOPROPYL)-N-DODECYLPROPANE-1,3-DIAMINE

219-145-8	2372-82-9	-	Acute Tox. 3: H301; Skin Corr. 1A:	1-1.5%
			H314; STOT RE 2: H373; Aquatic	
			Acute 1: H400; Aquatic Chronic 1:	
			H410	

### Non-classified ingredients:

### ALCOHOLS, C8-18, ETHOXYLATED PROPOXYLATED

- 69013-18-9 <1'	EIN	NECS	CAS	PBT / WEL	CLP Classification	Percent
00010 10 0	-		69013-18-9	-	-	<1%

### ALCOHOL, C9-11, ETHOXYLATED (9EO)

	-	68439-45-2	1	Acute Tox. 4: H302; Eye Dam. 1: H318	<1%	
TETRASODIUM ETHYLENE DIAMINE TETRAACETATE						
	200-573-9	64-02-8	-	Acute Tox. 4: H302; Eye Dam. 1: H318	<1%	

### Section 4: First aid measures

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**Skin contact:** Remove all contaminated clothes and footwear immediately unless stuck to skin.

Drench the affected skin with running water for 10 minutes or longer if substance is still

on skin. Transfer to hospital if there are burns or symptoms of poisoning.

Eye contact: Bathe the eye with running water for 15 minutes. Transfer to hospital for specialist

examination.

Ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Give 1 cup of water to drink every 10

minutes. If unconscious, check for breathing and apply artificial respiration if necessary. If unconscious and breathing is OK, place in the recovery position. Transfer to hospital

as soon as possible.

Inhalation: Remove casualty from exposure ensuring one's own safety whilst doing so. If

unconscious and breathing is OK, place in the recovery position. If conscious, ensure the casualty sits or lies down. If breathing becomes bubbly, have the casualty sit and

provide oxygen if available. Transfer to hospital as soon as possible.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Skin contact: Blistering may occur. Progressive ulceration will occur if treatment is not immediate.

Eye contact: Corneal burns may occur. May cause permanent damage.

Ingestion: Corrosive burns may appear around the lips. Blood may be vomited. There may be

bleeding from the mouth or nose.

Inhalation: There may be shortness of breath with a burning sensation in the throat. Exposure may

cause coughing or wheezing.

Delayed / immediate effects: Immediate effects can be expected after short-term exposure.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Immediate / special treatment: Eye bathing equipment should be available on the premises.

#### Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media: Suitable extinguishing media for the surrounding fire should be used. Use water spray

to cool containers.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Exposure hazards: Corrosive. In combustion emits toxic fumes.

#### 5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Advice for fire-fighters: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear protective clothing to prevent contact

with skin and eyes.

### Section 6: Accidental release measures

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions: Notify the police and fire brigade immediately. If outside keep bystanders upwind and

away from danger point. Mark out the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorised personnel. Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective clothing - see section 8 of SDS. Turn leaking containers leak-side up to prevent the

escape of liquid.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions: Do not discharge into drains or rivers. Contain the spillage using bunding.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean-up procedures: Clean-up should be dealt with only by qualified personnel familiar with the specific

substance. Absorb into dry earth or sand. Transfer to a closable, labelled salvage

container for disposal by an appropriate method.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections: Refer to section 8 of SDS.

### Section 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Handling requirements: Avoid direct contact with the substance. Ensure there is sufficient ventilation of the area.

Do not handle in a confined space. Avoid the formation or spread of mists in the air.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions: Store in a cool, well ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s): PC8: Biocidal products (e.g. Disinfectants, pest control).

### Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

# 8.1. Control parameters

Hazardous ingredients:

#### 2-AMINOETHANOL

### Workplace exposure limits:

### Respirable dust

State	8 hour TWA	15 min. STEL	8 hour TWA	15 min. STEL
UK	2.5 mg/m3	7.6 mg/m3	-	-

### **DNEL/PNEC Values**

DNEL / PNEC No data available.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

**Engineering measures:** Ensure there is sufficient ventilation of the area.

Hand protection: Impermeable gloves.Eye protection: Safety glasses.

Skin protection: Impermeable protective clothing.

### Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

State: Liquid
Colour: Red
pH: 11 - 12

### 9.2. Other information

Other information: No data available.

### Section 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity: Stable under recommended transport or storage conditions.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal transport or storage conditions.

Decomposition may occur on exposure to conditions or materials listed below.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid: Heat.

# 10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid: Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Haz. decomp. products: In combustion emits toxic fumes.

# Section 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

# Hazardous ingredients:

### 2-AMINOETHANOL

IVN	RAT	LD50	225	mg/kg
ORL	MUS	LD50	700	mg/kg
ORL	RAT	LD50	1720	mg/kg
SCU	RAT	LD50	1500	mg/kg

### N-(3-AMINOPROPYL)-N-DODECYLPROPANE-1,3-DIAMINE

DERMAL	RAT	LD50	>2000	mg/kg
ORAL	RAT	LD50	871	mg/kg

### ALCOHOLS, C8-18, ETHOXYLATED PROPOXYLATED

ORAL	RAT	LD50	>2000	ma/ka
OINAL	11/71	LDJU	72000	ilig/kg

### ALCOHOL, C9-11, ETHOXYLATED (9EO)

DERMAL	-	LD50	>2000<=5000	mg/kg
ORAL	-	LD50	>300<=2000	mg/kg

### Relevant hazards for product:

Hazard	Route	Basis
Skin corrosion/irritation	DRM	Hazardous: calculated
Serious eye damage/irritation	OPT	Hazardous: calculated
STOT-single exposure	INH	Hazardous: calculated

# Symptoms / routes of exposure

Skin contact: Blistering may occur. Progressive ulceration will occur if treatment is not immediate.

Eye contact: Corneal burns may occur. May cause permanent damage.

**Ingestion:** Corrosive burns may appear around the lips. Blood may be vomited. There may be

bleeding from the mouth or nose.

Inhalation: There may be shortness of breath with a burning sensation in the throat. Exposure may

cause coughing or wheezing.

Delayed / immediate effects: Immediate effects can be expected after short-term exposure.

# **Section 12: Ecological information**

# 12.1. Toxicity

### Hazardous ingredients:

# N-(3-AMINOPROPYL)-N-DODECYLPROPANE-1,3-DIAMINE

BLUEGILL (Lepomis macrochirus)	96H LC50	0.45	mg/l
Daphnia magna	48H EC50	0.073	mg/l
GREEN ALGA (Selenastrum capricornutum)	96H ErC50	0.054	mg/l
RAINBOW TROUT (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	96H LC50	0.68	mg/l

ALCOHOL, C9-11, ETHOXYLATED (9EO)

FISH 96H LC50 1-10 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability: Biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential: No bioaccumulation potential.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility: Readily absorbed into soil.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT identification: This product is not identified as a PBT/vPvB substance.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects: Negligible ecotoxicity.

Section 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal operations: Transfer to a suitable container and arrange for collection by specialised disposal

company.

**NB**: The user's attention is drawn to the possible existence of regional or national

regulations regarding disposal.

**Section 14: Transport information** 

14.1. UN number

UN number: UN1903

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Shipping name: DISINFECTANT, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.

(2-AMINOETHANOL; N-(3-AMINOPROPYL)-N-DODECYLPROPANE-1,3-DIAMINE)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Transport class: 8

14.4. Packing group

Packing group: ||

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous: No Marine pollutant: No

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Special precautions: No special precautions.

Tunnel code: E
Transport category: 2

### **Section 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Specific regulations: Not applicable.

### 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessment: A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for the substance or the mixture

by the supplier.

#### **Section 16: Other information**

#### Other information

Other information: This safety data sheet is prepared in accordance with Commission Regulation (EU) No

2015/830.

\* indicates text in the SDS which has changed since the last revision.

Phrases used in s.2 and s.3: H301: Toxic if swallowed.

H302: Harmful if swallowed.

H312: Harmful in contact with skin.

H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318: Causes serious eye damage.

H332: Harmful if inhaled.

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H373: May cause damage to organs <or state all organs affected, if known> through prolonged or repeated exposure <state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that

no other routes of exposure cause the hazard>.

H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Legal disclaimer: The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive

and shall be used only as a guide. This company shall not be held liable for any

damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.

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