

Riva Self Cure HV Capsules

SDI Limited

Version No: 4.1.1.1 Safety Data Sheet (Conforms to Regulations (EC) No 2015/830) Issue Date: 18/03/2016 Print Date: 30/03/2016 Initial Date: Not Available L.REACH.GBR.EN

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

Other means of identification Not 2. Relevant identified uses of Relevant identified uses For	Available the substance or mixture and us filling of cavitated teeth by dental professions	ses advised against	
identification Not 2. Relevant identified uses of Relevant identified uses For	the substance or mixture and us	ses advised against	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE STATE OF THE STA
Relevant identified uses For		ses advised against	
Relevant identified uses For			
	Applicable		
3. Details of the supplier of th	ne safety data sheet		
	Limited	SDI Bearil Industria E Comanda Ltda	
2.16	5 Brunsdon Street VIC Bayswater 3153	SDI Brazil Industria E Comercio Ltda Rua Dr. Virgilio de Carvalho Pinto, 612 São	SDI Germany GmbH
	stralia	Paulo CEP 05415-020 Brazil	Hansestrasse 85 Cologne D-51149 Germany
Telephone +61	3 8727 7111 (Business Hours)	+55 11 3092 7100	+49 0 2203 9255 0
Fax +61	3 8727 7222	+55 11 3092 7101	+49 0 2203 9255 200
Website www	w.sdi.com.au	www.sdi.com.au	www.sdi.com.au
Email info	@sdi.com.au	brasil@sdi.com.au	germany@sdi.com.au
Registered company name SDI	(North America) Inc.	and the second s	
The second secon	9 Hamilton Parkway IL Itasca 60143 United S	tates	Without them to be a
dance and or responses to the a	530 361 9200 (Business hours)		
and the second s	Available		
Website Not	Available	TO STATE OF	to the management of the second of the second of the
Email USA	A.Canada@sdi.com.au		and the second s
1. Emergency telephone number Association / Organisation SDI	ber	Not Available	" po mercinal and a second and a
Emergency telephone		NOT Available	Not Available
numbers +61	3 8727 7111	Not Available	Not Available
Other emergency telephone numbers	cahill@sdi.com.au	Not Available	Not Available
Association / Organisation Not	Available		
Emergency telephone	3 8727 7111		The state of the s
Other emergency telephone numbers	Available	THE SHE SENS SENSES OF CASE OF	
		55.585 8 3 36 N NPC	THE STATE OF THE S

Issue Date: 18/03/2016 Print Date: 30/03/2016

Riva Self Cure HV Capsules

Riva Self Cure HV Capsu

Classification according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] [1]

Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, Eye Irritation Category 2, Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Category 3 (respiratory tract irritation)

1. Classification by vendor; 2. Classification drawn from EC Directive 67/548/EEC - Annex I; 3. Classification drawn from EC Directive 1272/2008 - Annex VI

2.2. Label elements

CLP label elements



SIGNAL WORD	WARNING
Hazard statement(s)	
H315	Causes skin imitation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory imitation.

Supplementary statement(s)

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

 P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Precautionary statement(s) Response

P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P312	Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician/first aider/if you feel unwell.
P337+P313	If eye imitation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P332+P313	If skin imitation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

P405	Store locked up.		
	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.		
Scholar Schola	otoro in a mair vertalated place. Neep container agrilly dosed.		

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

Ingestion may produce health damage*.

Cumulative effects may result following exposure*.

REACh - Art.57-59: The mixture does not contain Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) at the SDS print date.

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1.Substances

See 'Composition on ingredients' in Section 3.2

3.2.Mixtures

2.EC No 3.Index No 4.REACH No	%[weight]	Name	Classification according to directive 67/548/EEC [DSD]	Classification according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]
#14 (#1) +CP-10-	4000 - 10 8	Compartment 1 contains		
1.9003-01-4 2.Not Available 3.Not Available 4.Not Available	20-30	acrylic acid homopolymer	R36/37/38, R51/53 ^[1]	Skin Corrosion/Imitation Category 2, Eye Irritation Category 2, Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Category 3 (respiratory tract irritation), Chronic Aquatic Hazard Category 2; H315, H319, H335, H411 [1]
1.87-69-4 2.201-766-0 3.Not Available 4.01-2119537204-47-XXXX,	10-15	tartaric acid	R36/37/38 ^[1]	Skin Comosion/Irritation Category 2, Eye Irritation Category 2, Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Category 3 (respiratory tract irritation); H315, H319, H335 [1]

Page 3 of 12

Riva Self Cure HV Capsules

Issue Date: 18/03/2016 Print Date: 30/03/2016

01-2119851173-43-XXXX, 01-2119851174-41-XXXX

Compartment 2

1.Not Available

2 Not Available 3.Not Available

90-95

fluoro aluminosilicate alass

Not Applicable

Not Applicable

4. Not Available

1.9003-01-4 2.Not Available 3 Not Available 4. Not Available

5-10

acrylic acid homopolymer

R36/37/38, R51/53 [1]

Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, Eye Irritation Category 2, Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Category 3 (respiratory tract irritation), Chronic Aquatic Hazard Category 2; H315, H319, H335, H411 [1]

Legend:

Classification by vendor, 2. Classification drawn from EC Directive 67/548/EEC - Annex I; 3. Classification drawn from EC Directive 1272/2008 - Annex VI

4. Classification drawn from C&L

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

If skin contact occurs:

- Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear.
 Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).
 Seek medical attention in event of irritation.

General

- Immediately hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water.
 Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.
 Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

- Transport to hospital or doctor without delay.

 Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel. If furnes or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.

- Seek medical attention. Immediately give a glass of water
- First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

If skin contact occurs:

Eye Contact

If this product comes in contact with the eyes:

- Immediately hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water
- Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.
 Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

- Transport to hospital or doctor without delay.

 Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.

Skin Contact

Inhalation

- Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).
- Seek medical attention in event of imitation.
- If furnes or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Seek medical attention
- Ingestion
- Immediately give a glass of water.
 First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Fire Fighting

5.1. Extinguishing media

Foam is generally ineffective

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility None known.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
- Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.

 Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses.

 Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area.
- DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot. Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a prote
- If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire.
 Equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use

Riva Self Cure HV Capsules

- Combustible.
- Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame.
- Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers. On combustion, may emit toxic fumes of carbon monoxide (CO).

 May emit acrid smoke.

- Mists containing combustible materials may be explosive.
- Combustion products include; carbon dioxide (CO2) other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic materialMay emit poisonous fumes. May emit corrosive

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.2. Environmental precautions

See section 12

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills

- Clean up all spills immediately.
 - Avoid contact with skin and eves Wear impervious gloves and safety goggles.

 - Trowel up/scrape up.
 Place spilled material in clean, dry, sealed container
- Flush spill area with water
- Clear area of personnel and move upwind.
- Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.

- Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.

 Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course.
- Stop leak if safe to do so.
- Major Spills
- Contain spill with sand, earth or vermiculite
 - Collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling.
 - Neutralise/decontaminate residue (see Section 13 for specific agent). Collect solid residues and seal in labelled drums for disposal.

 - Wash area and prevent runoff into drains.
 - After clean up operations, decontaminate and launder all protective clothing and equipment before storing and re-using. If contamination of drains or waterways occurs, advise emergency services.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling

- Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.
- Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.
- Use in a well-ventilated area.
- Prevent concentration in hollows and sumps.

 DO NOT enter confined spaces until atmosphere has been checked.

 DO NOT allow material to contact humans, exposed food or food utensits.
- Avoid contact with incompatible materials.
 When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke
- Keep containers securely sealed when not in use.
- Avoid physical damage to containers. ways wash hands with soap and water after handling.
- Work clothes should be laundered separately. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.
- Use good occupational work practice.
- Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS.
- Atmosphere should be regularly checked against established exposure standards to ensure safe working conditions are maintained.

Fire and explosion protection

See section 5

Other information

Do not store in direct sunlight.

Store in a dry and well ventila ed-area, away from heat and sunlight.

Store between 5 and 25 deg. C.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage incompatibility

- DO NOT repack. Use containers supplied by manufacturer only.
- Check that containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks

None known

7.3. Specific end use(s)

See section 1.2

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

DERIVED NO EFFECT LEVEL (DNEL)

Issue Date: 18/03/2016 Print Date: 30/03/2016

Air Speed

Riva Self Cure HV Capsules

Not Available

PREDICTED NO EFFECT LEVEL (PNEC)

Not Available

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
EMERGENCY LIMITS						
Ingredient	Material name			TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
acrylic acid homopolymer	Acrylic acid polyme	rs; (Acrylic polymer or resin)		7.5 mg/m3	83 mg/m3	500 mg/m3
tartaric acid	Tartaric acid			1.6 mg/m3	17 mg/m3	100 mg/m3
acrylic acid homopolymer	Acrylic acid polyme	rs; (Acrylic polymer or resin)		7.5 mg/m3	83 mg/m3	500 mg/m3
Ingredient	Original IDLH			Revised IDLH		
acrylic acid homopolymer	Not Available			Not Available	* 10 dl consideration =	and the second of the second o
tartaric acid	Not Available			Not Available		
fluoro aluminosilicate glass	Not Available			Not Available		
acrylic acid homopolymer	Not Available			Not Available		

MATERIAL DATA

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection. The basic types of engineering controls are:

Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk.

Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard "physically" away from the worker and ventilation that strategically "adds" and "removes" air in the work environment. Ventilation can remove or dilute an air contaminant if designed properly. The design of a ventilation system must match the particular process and chemical or contaminant in use.

Employers may need to use multiple types of controls to prevent employee overexposure.

General exhaust is adequate under normal operating conditions. Local exhaust ventilation may be required in special circumstances. If risk of overexposure exists, wear approved respirator. Supplied-air type respirator may be required in special circumstances. Correct fit is essential to ensure adequate protection. Provide adequate ventilation in warehouses and enclosed storage areas. Air contaminants generated in the workplace possess varying "escape" velocities which, in turn, determine the "capture velocities" of fresh circulating air required to effectively remove the contaminant.

8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

	, ai opecu.	
solvent, vapours, degreasing etc., evaporating from tank (in still air).	0.25-0.5 m/s (50-100 f/min)	
aerosols, furnes from pouring operations, intermittent container filling, low speed conveyer transfers, welding, spray drift, plating acid furnes, pickling (released at low velocity into zone of active generation)	0.5-1 m/s (100-200 f/min.)	
direct spray, spray painting in shallow booths, drum filling, conveyer loading, crusher dusts, gas discharge (active generation into zone of rapid air motion)	1-2.5 m/s (200-500 f/min.)	
grinding, abrasive blasting, tumbling, high speed wheel generated dusts (released at high initial velocity into zone of very high rapid air motion)	2.5-10 m/s (500-2000 f/min.)	

Within each range the appropriate value depends on:

Lower end of the range	Upper end of the range
1: Room air currents minimal or favourable to capture	1: Disturbing room air currents
2: Contaminants of low toxicity or of nuisance value only.	2: Contaminants of high toxicity
3: Intermittent, low production.	3: High production, heavy use
4: Large hood or large air mass in motion	4: Small hood-local control only

Simple theory shows that air velocity falls rapidly with distance away from the opening of a simple extraction pipe. Velocity generally decreases with the square of distance from the extraction point (in simple cases). Therefore the air speed at the extraction point should be adjusted, accordingly, after reference to distance from the contaminating source. The air velocity at the extraction fan, for example, should be a minimum of 1-2 m/s (200-400 f/min) for extraction of solvents generated in a tank 2 meters distant from the extraction point. Other mechanical considerations, producing performance deficits within the extraction apparatus, make it essential that theoretical air velocities are multiplied by factors of 10 or more when extraction systems are installed or used.

8.2.2. Personal protection









8.2.2. Personal protection

Eve and face protection

- Safety glasses with side shields.
- Chemical goggles.

Type of Contaminant:

Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience. Medical and first-aid personnel should be trained in their removal and suitable equipment should be readily available. In the event of chemical exposure, begin eye irrigation immediately and remove contact lens as soon as practicable. Lens should be removed at the first signs of eye redness or irritation - lens should be removed in a clean environment only after workers have washed hands thoroughly. [CDC NIOSH Current Intelligence Bulletin 59], [AS/NZS 1336 or national equivalent]

Skin protection

See Hand protection below

Issue Date: 18/03/2016 Print Date: 30/03/2016

Riva Self Cure HV Capsules

ds/feet protection	 Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC. Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber Rubber Gloves 			
Body protection	See Other protection below		- M - M 1 100	
Other protection	Overalls. P.V.C. apron. Barrier cream. Skin cleansing cream. Eye wash unit.			
Thermal hazards	Not Available			

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Hands/feet protection **Body protection**

See section 12

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	Smooth, pale-coloured paste with slightly character	stic odour, partially mixes with water.	
Physical state	Non Slump Paste	Relative density (Water = 1)	Not Available
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	Not Available	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Applicable
Flash point (°C)	Not Available	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Available	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Partly miscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

9.2. Other information

Not Available

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1.Reactivity	See section 7.2
10.2.Chemical stability	Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7.2
10.4. Conditions to avoid	See section 7.2
10.5. Incompatible materials	See section 7.2
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5.3
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Skin Contact

Evidence shows, or practical experience predicts, that the material produces initation of the respiratory system, in a substantial number of individuals, following inhalation. In contrast to most organs, the lung is able to respond to a chemical insult by first removing or neutralising the imitant and then repairing the damage. The repair process, which initially evolved to protect mammalian lungs from foreign matter and antigens, may however, produce further lung damage resulting in the impairment of gas exchange, the primary function of the lungs. Respiratory tract irritation often results in an inflammatory response involving the recruitment and activation of many cell types, mainly derived from the vascular system.

Ingestion Accidental ingestion of the material may be damaging to the health of the individual.

> Evidence exists, or practical experience predicts, that the material either produces inflammation of the skin in a substantial number of individuals following direct contact, and/or produces significant inflammation when applied to the healthy intact skin of animals, for up to four hours, such inflammation being prestwenty-four hours or more after the end of the exposure period. Skin irritation may also be present after prolonged or repeated exposure; this may result in a form of contact dermatitis (nonallergic). The dermatitis is often characterised by skin redness (erythema) and swelling (oedema) which may progress to blistering (vesiculation), scaling and thickening of the epidemis. At the microscopic level there may be intercellular oedema of the spongy layer of the skin

Version No: 4.1.1.1

Page 7 of 12

Riva Self Cure HV Capsules

Issue Date: 18/03/2016 Print Date: 30/03/2016

(spongiosis) and intracellular oedema of the epidermis. The material may accentuate any pre-existing dermatitis condition Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material Entry into the blood-stream through, for example, cuts, abrasions, puncture wounds or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects. Examine the skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any external damage is suitably protected. Evidence exists, or practical experience predicts, that the material may cause eye irritation in a substantial number of individuals and/or may produce significant Repeated or prolonged eye contact may cause inflammation characterised by temporary redness (similar to windburn) of the conjunctivitis); Eve temporary impairment of vision and/or other transient eye damage/ulceration may occur. Long-term exposure to respiratory irritants may result in disease of the airways involving difficult breathing and related systemic problems. Chronic nce suggests that repeated or long-term occupational exposure may produce cumulative health effects involving organs or biochemical systems. TOXICITY IRRITATION Riva Self Cure HV Capsules Not Available Not Available TOXICITY IRRITATION acrylic acid homopolym Oral (rat) LD50: 2500 mg/kgd^[2] Nil reported TOXICITY IRRITATION dermal (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg^[1] Oral (rat) LD50: ca.920 mg/kg^[1] IRRITATION TOXICITY acrylic acid homopolym Oral (rat) LD50: 2500 mg/kgd^[2] Nil reported ned from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2. * Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data Legend: extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or even years after exposure to the material ceases. This may be due to a non-allergenic condition known as reactive airways dysfunction syndrome (RADS) which can occur following exposure to high levels of highly initiating compound. Key criteria for the diagnosis of RADS include the absence of preceding respiratory disease, in a non-atopic individual, with abrupt onset of persistent asthma-like symptoms within minutes to hours of a documented exposure to the imitant. A reversible airflow pattern, on spirometry, with the presence of moderate to severe bronchial hyperreactivity TARTARIC ACID on methacholine challenge testing and the lack of minimal lymphocytic inflammation, without eosinophilia, have also been included in the criteria for diagnos of RADS. RADS (or asthma) following an irritating inhalation is an infrequent disorder with rates related to the concentration of and duration of exposure to the imitating substance. Industrial bronchitis, on the other hand, is a disorder that occurs as result of exposure due to high concentrations of imitating substance. (often particulate in nature) and is completely reversible after exposure ceases. The disorder is characterised by dyspnea, cough and mucus production. Convulsions, haemorrhage recorded. sthma-like symptoms may continue for months or even years after exposure to the material ceases. This may be due to a non-allergenic condition known as reactive airways dysfunction syndrome (RADS) which can occur following exposure to high levels of highly irritating compound. Key criteria for the diagnosis of RADS include the absence of preceding respiratory disease, in a non-atopic individual, with abrupt onset of persistent asthma-like symptoms within minutes to hours of a documented exposure to the irritant. A reversible airflow pattern, on spirometry, with the presence of moderate to severe bronchial hyperreactivity on methacholine challenge testing and the lack of minimal lymphocytic inflammation, without eosinophilia, have also been included in the criteria for diagnosis of RADS. RADS (or asthma) following an irritating inhalation is an infrequent disorder with rates related to the concentration of and duration of exposure to the irritating substance. Industrial bronchitis, on the other hand, is a disorder that occurs as result of exposure due to high concentrations of irritating substance. ACRYLIC ACID HOMOPOLYMER (often particulate in nature) and is completely reversible after exposure ceases. The disorder is characterised by dyspnea, cough and mucus production. The substance is classified by IARC as Group 3: NOT classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. Evidence of carcinogenicity may be inadequate or limited in animal testing. **Acute Toxicity** Carcinogenicity Skin Irritation/Corrosion Reproductivity Serious Eye STOT - Single Exposure Damage/Irritation Respiratory or Skin STOT - Repeated Exposure sensitisation Mutagenicity Aspiration Hazard

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12	1.	Toxicity
12.	١.	TOXICITY

Ingredient	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
acrylic acid homopolymer	EC50	384	Crustacea	389.869mg/L	3
acrylic acid homopolymer	EC50	96	Algae or other aquatic plants	8596.446mg/L	3
acrylic acid homopolymer	LC50	96	Fish	1684.686mg/L	3
tartaric acid	EC50	96	Algae or other aquatic plants	434.65983mg/L	3
tartaric acid	LC50	96	Fish	>100mg/L	2

Legend:

★ - Data available but does not fill the criteria for classification

✓ – Data required to make classification available
 – Data Not Available to make classification

Page 8 of 12

Issue Date: 18/03/2016 Print Date: 30/03/2016

Riva Self Cure HV Capsules

tartaric acid	EC50	48	Crustacea	93.313mg/L	2
tartaric acid	EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	51.4043mg/L	2
tartaric acid	NOEC	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	3.125mg/L	2
acrylic acid homopolymer	EC50	384	Crustacea	389.869mg/L	3
acrylic acid homopolymer	EC50	96	Algae or other aquatic plants	8596.446mg/L	3
acrylic acid homopolymer	LC50	96	Fish	1684.686mg/L	3
Legend:	Aquatic Toxicity	Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA,	ope ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicologica Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC concentration Data 8. Vendor Data		

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
acrylic acid homopolymer	LOW	LOW
tartaric acid	LOW	LOW
acrylic acid homopolymer	LOW	LOW

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation		
acrylic acid homopolymer	LOW (LogKOW = 0.4415)		
tartaric acid	LOW (LogKOW = -1.0017)		
acrylic acid homopolymer	LOW (LogKOW = 0.4415)		

12.4. Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
acrylic acid homopolymer	HIGH (KOC = 1.201)
tartaric acid	HIGH (KOC = 1)
acrylic acid homopolymer	HIGH (KOC = 1.201)

12.5.Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

	P	В	т
Relevant available data	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
PBT Criteria fulfilled?	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

- DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains.
 It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal.
 In all cases disposal to sewer may be subject to local laws and regulations and these should be considered first.
- Product / Packaging

Where in doubt contact the responsible authority.
Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal.

Bury residue in an authorised landfill. Waste treatment options Not Available Sewage disposal options Not Available

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

disposal

Labels Required								
Marine Pollutant	NO							
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable							
Land transport (ADR): NO	REGULATED FO	PORT OF	ROUS	GOODS				
14.1.UN number	Not Applicable							
14.2.Packing group	Not Applicable							
14.3.UN proper shipping name	Not Applicable							
14.4.Environmental hazard	Not Applicable							
The second contract of	NO. 8 1 48							

Riva Self Cure HV Capsules

14.5. Transport hazard class(es)	Class Not Applicable	
ciass(es)	Subrisk Not Applicable	
contract as the contractor of the contract of	Hand the West of Market State of the State o	
	Hazard identification (Kemler) Not Applicable	
14.6. Special precautions for	Classification code Not Applicable	
user	Hazard Label Not Applicable	
	Special provisions Not Applicable	
	Limited quantity Not Applicable	
Air transport (ICAO-IATA / E	DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS	
14.1. UN number	Not Applicable	
14.2. Packing group	Not Applicable	
14.3. UN proper shipping name	Not Applicable	
14.4. Environmental hazard	Not Applicable	
	ICAO/IATA Class Not Applicable	
14.5. Transport hazard	The second secon	
class(es)	ICAO / IATA Subrisk Not Applicable ERG Code Not Applicable	
	ERG Code Not Applicable	
	Special provisions Not Applicable	
	Cargo Only Packing Instructions Not Applicable	
	Cargo Only Maximum Qty / Pack Not Applicable	
14.6. Special precautions for	Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions Not Applicable	
user	Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack Not Applicable	
	Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity Packing Instructions Not Applicable	
	Passenger and Cargo Limited Maximum Qty / Pack Not Applicable	
	The state of the s	
Sea transport (IMDG-Code	e / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS	
14.1. UN number	Not Applicable	
14.2. Packing group	Not Applicable	
The production of the second distribution of the second se		
14.3. UN proper shipping name	Not Applicable	
name 14.4. Environmental hazard	Not Applicable Not Applicable	
name 14.4. Environmental hazard 14.5. Transport hazard	Not Applicable Not Applicable IMDG Class Not Applicable	
name 14.4. Environmental hazard	Not Applicable Not Applicable	
name 14.4. Environmental hazard 14.5. Transport hazard	Not Applicable Not Applicable IMDG Class Not Applicable IMDG Subrisk Not Applicable	
name 14.4. Environmental hazard 14.5. Transport hazard class(es) 14.6. Special precautions for	Not Applicable Not Applicable IMDG Class Not Applicable IMDG Subrisk Not Applicable	
name 14.4. Environmental hazard 14.5. Transport hazard class(es)	Not Applicable Not Applicable IMDG Class Not Applicable IMDG Subrisk Not Applicable EMS Number Not Applicable	
14.4. Environmental hazard 14.5. Transport hazard class(es) 14.6. Special precautions for user	Not Applicable Not Applicable IMDG Class Not Applicable IMDG Subrisk Not Applicable EMS Number Not Applicable Special provisions Not Applicable Limited Quantities Not Applicable	
name 14.4. Environmental hazard 14.5. Transport hazard class(es) 14.6. Special precautions for user Inland waterways transpor	Not Applicable Not Applicable IMDG Class Not Applicable IMDG Subrisk Not Applicable EMS Number Not Applicable Special provisions Not Applicable Limited Quantities Not Applicable rt (ADN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS	
14.4. Environmental hazard 14.5. Transport hazard class(es) 14.6. Special precautions for user	Not Applicable Not Applicable IMDG Class Not Applicable IMDG Subrisk Not Applicable EMS Number Not Applicable Special provisions Not Applicable Limited Quantities Not Applicable	
name 14.4. Environmental hazard 14.5. Transport hazard class(es) 14.6. Special precautions for user Inland waterways transpor	Not Applicable Not Applicable IMDG Class Not Applicable IMDG Subrisk Not Applicable EMS Number Not Applicable Special provisions Not Applicable Limited Quantities Not Applicable rt (ADN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS	
14.4. Environmental hazard 14.5. Transport hazard class(es) 14.6. Special precautions for user Inland waterways transport 14.1. UN number 14.2. Packing group 14.3. UN proper shipping name	Not Applicable Not Applicable IMDG Class Not Applicable IMDG Subrisk Not Applicable EMS Number Not Applicable Special provisions Not Applicable Limited Quantities Not Applicable rt (ADN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS Not Applicable	
14.4. Environmental hazard 14.5. Transport hazard class(es) 14.6. Special precautions for user Inland waterways transpor 14.1. UN number 14.2. Packing group 14.3. UN proper shipping	Not Applicable Not Applicable IMDG Class Not Applicable IMDG Subrisk Not Applicable EMS Number Not Applicable Special provisions Not Applicable Limited Quantities Not Applicable rt (ADN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS Not Applicable Not Applicable	
14.4. Environmental hazard 14.5. Transport hazard class(es) 14.6. Special precautions for user Inland waterways transport 14.1. UN number 14.2. Packing group 14.3. UN proper shipping name	Not Applicable Not Applicable IMDG Class Not Applicable IMDG Subrisk Not Applicable EMS Number Not Applicable Special provisions Not Applicable Limited Quantities Not Applicable rt (ADN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable	
14.4. Environmental hazard 14.5. Transport hazard class(es) 14.6. Special precautions for user Inland waterways transport 14.1. UN number 14.2. Packing group 14.3. UN proper shipping name 14.4. Environmental hazard 14.5. Transport hazard	Not Applicable Not Applicable IMDG Class Not Applicable IMDG Subrisk Not Applicable EMS Number Not Applicable Special provisions Not Applicable Limited Quantities Not Applicable Int (ADN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS Not Applicable	
14.4. Environmental hazard 14.5. Transport hazard class(es) 14.6. Special precautions for user Inland waterways transport 14.1. UN number 14.2. Packing group 14.3. UN proper shipping name 14.4. Environmental hazard 14.5. Transport hazard	Not Applicable IMDG Class Not Applicable IMDG Subrisk Not Applicable EMS Number Not Applicable Special provisions Not Applicable Limited Quantities Not Applicable Int (ADN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS Not Applicable	
14.4. Environmental hazard 14.5. Transport hazard class(es) 14.6. Special precautions for user Inland waterways transport 14.1. UN number 14.2. Packing group 14.3. UN proper shipping name 14.4. Environmental hazard 14.5. Transport hazard	Not Applicable IMDG Class Not Applicable IMDG Subrisk Not Applicable EMS Number Not Applicable Special provisions Not Applicable Limited Quantities Not Applicable Int (ADN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS Not Applicable	
14.4. Environmental hazard 14.5. Transport hazard class(es) 14.6. Special precautions for user Inland waterways transport 14.1. UN number 14.2. Packing group 14.3. UN proper shipping name 14.4. Environmental hazard 14.5. Transport hazard class(es)	Not Applicable Not Applicable IMDG Class Not Applicable IMDG Subrisk Not Applicable EMS Number Not Applicable Special provisions Not Applicable Limited Quantities Not Applicable Int (ADN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS Not Applicable	
14.4. Environmental hazard 14.5. Transport hazard class(es) 14.6. Special precautions for user Inland waterways transport 14.1. UN number 14.2. Packing group 14.3. UN proper shipping name 14.4. Environmental hazard 14.5. Transport hazard class(es) 14.6. Special precautions for	Not Applicable IMDG Class Not Applicable IMDG Subrisk Not Applicable EMS Number Not Applicable Special provisions Not Applicable Limited Quantities Not Applicable Int (ADN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS Not Applicable	

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code Not Applicable

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Page 10 of 12

Riva Self Cure HV Capsules

Issue Date: 18/03/2016 Print Date: 30/03/2016

ACRYLIC ACID HOMOPOLYMER(9003-01-4) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

EU REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 - Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles European Customs Inventory of Chemical Substances ECICS (English)

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

TARTARIC ACID(87-69-4) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

European Customs Inventory of Chemical Substances ECICS (English) European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)

European Union - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)

ECHA Dossier

ACRYLIC ACID HOMOPOLYMER(9003-01-4) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

EU REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 - Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles European Customs Inventory of Chemical Substances ECICS (English)

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC

Monographs

This safety data sheet is in compliance with the following EU legislation and its adaptations - as far as applicable - : 67/548/EEC, 1999/45/EC, 98/24/EC, 92/85/EC, 91/689/EEC, 1999/13/EC, Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830, Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and their amendments as well as the following British legislation: - The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 - COSHH Essentials - The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For further information please look at the Chemical Safety Assessment and Exposure Scenarios prepared by your Supply Chain if available.

ECHA SUMMARY

Ingredient

Ingredient	CAS number		Index No	ECHA Dos	sier			
acrylic acid homopolymer	acid homopolymer 9003-01-4 Not Available		Not Available	Not Available				
Harmonisation (C&L Inventory)	Hazard Class and	Category Code(s)		Pictograms Signal Word Code(s)	Hazard Statement Code(s)			
1	Not Classified			Wng, GHS08, Dgr, GHS05, GHS09, GHS02	H319, H335, H340, H350, H314, H332, H317, H290, H226, H302, H312			
2			OT SE 3, Muta. 1B, Carc. 1A, Skin Corr. e Tox. 4, Met. Corr. 1, Flam. Liq. 3,	Wng, GHS08, Dgr, GHS05, GHS09, GHS02	H319, H335, H340, H350, H314, H332, H317, H290, H226, H302, H312			
2	Skin Corr. 1B, Eye [Dam. 1		GHS05, Dgr	H314			
Harmonisation Code 1 = The	most prevalent classificati	on Harmonisation Cod	le 2 = The most severe classification.					
Ingredient	CAS number	Index No	FCHA Dossier					

Ingredient	CAS number	Index No	ECHA Dossier
			The second secon
tartaric acid	87-69-4	Not Available	01-2119537204-47-XXXX, 01-2119851173-43-XXXX, 01-2119851174-41-XXXX
			a set manus.

Harmonisation (C&L Inventory)	Hazard Class and Category Code(s)	Pictograms Signal Word Code(s)	Hazard Statement Code(s)
1	Acute Tox. 4, Skin Irrit. 2, Skin Sens. 1, Eye Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3	GHS07, Wng	H302, H315, H317, H319, H335
2	Eye Dam. 1, Skin Irrit. 2, Acute Tox. 4, Skin Sens. 1, Eye Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3, Not Classified, Aquatic Chronic 3, Eye Irrit. 2A	GHS05, Dgr, Wng, GHS06	H318, H315, H302, H317, H335

Index No

Harmonisation Code 1 = The most prevalent classification. Harmonisation Code 2 = The most severe classification.

CAS number

acrylic acid homopolymer	9003-01-4 Not Availab	ole Not Availa	Not Available	
Harmonisation (C&L Inventory)	Hazard Class and Category Code(s)	Pictograms Signal Word Code(s)	Hazard Statement Code(s)	
1	Not Classified	Wng, GHS08, Dgr, GHS05, GHS09, GHS02	H319, H335, H340, H350, H314, H332, H317, H290, H226, H302, H312	
2	Not Classified, Skin Irrit. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3, Muta. 1B, Ca 1B, Aquatic Chronic 3, Skin Corr. 1A, Acute Tox. 4, Met. Corr. 1, Aquatic Acute 1		H319, H335, H340, H350, H314, H332, H317, H290, H226, H302, H312	
2	Skin Corr. 1B, Eye Dam. 1	GHS05, Dar	H314	

Harmonisation Code 1 = The most prevalent classification. Harmonisation Code 2 = The most severe classification.

National Inventory	Status		
Australia - AICS	Y		
Canada - DSL	Y		
Canada - NDSL	N (acrylic acid homopolymer; tartari		
China - IECSC	Υ		
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	N (acrylic acid homopolymer)		
Japan - ENCS	Y		
Korea - KECI	Y		
New Zealand - NZIoC	Y	20 000 000 1	and the second s
Philippines - PICCS	Y		

Page 11 of 12

Issue Date: 18/03/2016 Print Date: 30/03/2016

Riva Self Cure HV Capsules

USA - TSCA

Legend:

Y = All ingredients are on the inventory
N = Not determined or one or more ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

TO DESCRIPTION OF THE PART OF
A CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF T
The second secon
A 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
The second secon

Other information

DSD / DPD label elements



Relevant risk statements are found in section 2.1

Indication(s) of danger	Xi				
SAFETY ADVICE					
S02	Keep out of reach of children.				
S26	In case of contact with eyes, rinse with plenty of water and contact Doctor or Poisons Information Centre.				
S35	This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way.				
S37	Wear suitable gloves.				
S39	Wear eye/face protection.				
S40	To clean the floor and all objects contaminated by this material, use water and detergent.				
S46	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.				
S56	Dispose of this material and its container at hazardous or special waste collection point.				
S64	If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious).				

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by SDI Limited using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

For detailed advice on Personal Protective Equipment, refer to the following EU CEN Standards:

EN 166 Personal eye-protection EN 340 Protective dothing

EN 374 Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms EN 13832 Footwear protecting against chemicals EN 133 Respiratory protective devices

Definitions and abbreviations

PC — TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average PC — STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit

PC—STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short term Exposure Limit IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit.

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations

IDCH. Introducery Dangerous to Life or Fleatin OSF: Odour Safety Factor NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level TLV: Threshold Limit Value

LOD: Limit Of Detection

OTV: Odour Threshold Value

BCF: BioConcentration Factors BEI: Biological Exposure Index

The information contained in the Safety Data Sheet is based on data considered to be accurate, however, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of the data or the results to be

Version No: 4.1.1.1

Page 12 of 12

Riva Self Cure HV Capsules

Issue Date: 18/03/2016 Print Date: 30/03/2016

obtained from the use thereof.

Other information:
Prepared by: SDI Limited
3-15 Brunsdon Street, Bayswater Victoria, 3153, Australia
Phone Number: -61 3 8727 7111
Date of preparation/revision: 23rd September 2015
Department issuing SDS: Research and Development
Contact: Technical Director

end of SDS